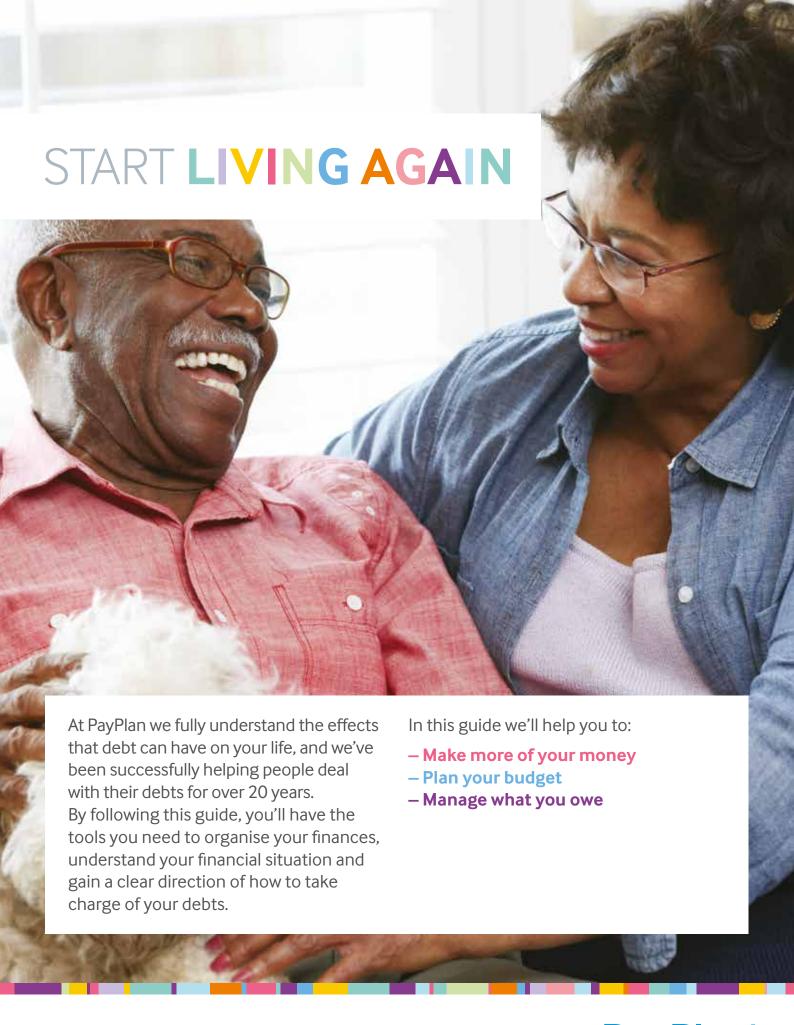
ASSESS WHATYOU OWE

Your step-by-step guide to taking charge of your finances









MAKE MORE OF YOUR MONEY

Can you increase your income or reduce your monthly bills? Here are some ideas for you to look into:

Some ideas from **gov.uk** that might help you boost your income:

TAX CREDIT

There are two types of tax credit — **Child Tax Credit** and **Working Tax Credit**. Find out if you're entitled to either by calling the **Tax Credit Helpline** on **0345 300 3900**.

INCOME SUPPORT

Call the **Income Support Helpline** on **0843 506 9853** to find out if you're entitled to Income Support.

IOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE

Find out if you're eligible for Job Seekers Allowance by contacting your local **Job Centre Plus**.

OTHER BENEFITS

Find out if you're entitled to any other benefits, contact **Turn 2 Us** on **0808 802 2000** or visit **turn2us.org.uk**

TAKE IN A LODGER

The **Rent a Room Scheme** allows you to let out a furnished room in your home without paying tax on the first £4,250 you earn each year.

Or it might be worth considering the following, to see if you can reduce your outgoings:

CUT DOWN YOUR BILLS

Contact **Energy Helpline** on **0800 074 0745** or visit **energyhelpline.com** to see if you can save money on your utilities.

Find out if you can get a better deal on your TV, telephone or broadband services by contacting **Simplify Digital** on **0800 542 4704** or visit **simplifydigital.co.uk**

You could also look to save money by visiting moneysavingexpert.com or moneysupermarket.com

COUNCIL TAX REDUCTION

You may be able to apply for council tax reduction, contact your **local council** to find out if you might be eligible.

SAVE WHERE YOU CAN

Visit **payplan.com/livingroom** for regular articles offering inspiration on ways to get more from your money.

PROTECT YOUR BANK ACCOUNT

If you have a credit card, overdraft or loan with the same bank or building society that you have a current or savings account with, they can take funds out of your account to pay towards your debt without your consent.

This is called the 'Right to Offset' and is legal in the UK. We recommend that you switch your account — to a bank or building society that isn't in the same group as your credit card, overdraft or loan creditors — before you start making reduced payments on these debts.

To find out which banks or building societies are linked to each other and therefore able to use the 'Right to Offset' within their group, check with your bank or visit payplan.com/self-help/safe-bank

Changing bank accounts is a straightforward process. For more information about basic bank accounts visit moneyadviceservice.org.uk or call the Money Advice Service on 0300 500 5000.



PLAN YOUR BUDGET

Gather all the facts about your finances to complete steps 1 to 5 on the following pages – be honest with your figures and if you're not sure, find out!

STEP 1 YOUR MONTHLY INCOME

Once you've checked that you are getting everything you are entitled to, fill in this section – but only include incomes that you receive regularly

STEP 2 THE COST OF LIVING

Once you've checked if you can reduce any of your bills, work out what you spend on essential bills and living costs – don't include any debts on these yet

STEP 3 | **BEHIND** ON YOUR BILLS?

If you're in arrears on any of your **essential bills** enter them here. Speak to your providers to **find out** how behind you are and how much extra you need to pay each month to cover the arrears

STEP 4 | ALL OTHER DEBTS

Find out exactly what you owe on your **unsecured debts** and fill in here – such as credit cards, overdrafts, store cards etc

STEP 5 | FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Use the totals you worked out in steps 1 to 4 to fill out step 5 – use this to gain a clear understanding of your financial situation

If by doing this you realise that your finances are worse than you thought, don't worry.
It's only once you fully understand your finances that you can start to tackle your debts



STEP 1 | YOUR MONTHLY INCOME

Fill out what's relevant to you on this form to work out your monthly income -

SALARY AND WAGES:	MONTHLY AMOUNT:	BENEFITS OR TAX CREDITS:	MONTHLY AMOUNT:
Your salary or wages (Only include what you take home after all deductions	£	Jobseeker's Allowance	£
have come out)	_	Income Support	£
Your partner's salary or wages	£	Child Benefit	£
Other salary or wages (Only include overtime, bonuses or other income if it is	£	Child Tax Credit	£
a regular income)		Working Tax Credit	£
OTHER TYPES OF INCOME:	MONTHLY	Housing Benefit	£
	AMOUNT:	Personal Independence Payment	£
Pension	£	Employment and Support Allowance	£
Boarders or lodgers	£	Universal Credit	£
Contributions from others in your household	£	Disability Living Allowance	£
Maintenance or child support	£	Other benefits Please state	£
Other income Please state	£	Other benefits Please state	£
TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME:			£

If you receive any income or benefit on a non-monthly basis, such as weekly or every 4 weeks, calculate how much this works out monthly – for example, if you get paid every week, multiply the amount by 52 and divide it by 12 to get your monthly amount



STEP 2 | THE COST OF LIVING

Fill out what's relevant to you on this form to work out your monthly essential bills and living costs. Use the guides, where included, as indicators for what is considered an acceptable amount to spend —

ESSENTIAL BILLS:	MONTHLY AMOUNT:	HOUSEKEEPING:	MONTHLY AMOUNT:
Mortgage / rent	£	Food and toiletries	£
Ground rent and service charges	£	Between £200 – £250 for one adult, £100 – £150 per additional adult, up to £90 per child over 14 years,	
Second mortgage or secured loan	£	up to £60 per child under 14 years	
Endowment policy / PPI	£	Nappies and baby items	£
Household insurance	£	Clothes / shoes	£
Pension / life insurance	£	Between £30 – £50 per adult, between £15 – 25 per child	
Council tax	£	School meals / meals at work	£
Electricity	£	Pet food	£
Gas or other fuel	£	Other	£
Water charges	£	Please state	
TV licence	£		MONTHLY
Hire purchase e.g car	£	OTHER SPENDING:	AMOUNT:
Maintenance or child support	£	Medical / dental / glasses	£
Childcare costs	£	Average £30 per adult (over 16 years) if need all 3	
Other	£	Hairdressing	£
Please state		Up to £15 per adult, up to £8 per child	
TRAVEL:	MONTHLY AMOUNT:	Phone costs (including mobile) No more than £30 per person	£
Travel expenses (petrol / public transport)	£	Internet / satellite Up to £30 per household	£
Car tax and insurance	£	Pocket money / school trips	£
	£	Hobbies / sport / gym	£
MOT and car maintenance (include breakdown cover)	£	Vet bills / pet insurance	£
Between £20 – £30 per vehicle Other		Other	£
Please state	£	Please state	
		Other Please state	£
		i icase state	
TOTAL MONTHLY ESSENTIAL BILLS			£

Now do this calculation to work out what you have left to put towards repaying your debts:

TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME:	£
	MINUS
TOTAL MONTHLY ESSENTIAL BILLS AND LIVING COSTS:	£
	=
TOTAL SURPLUS:	£



STEP 3 | BEHIND ON YOUR BILLS?

If you have fallen behind on an essential bill, you need to pay back these arrears as a priority – on top of continuing to pay your monthly bill – because if you don't pay back the arrears, there may be serious repercussions, such as losing your home or being disconnected from essential services. These are called '**Priority Debts**'.

Speak to the creditors of your priority debts to find out what the minimum monthly repayment amount is that they will accept to pay back the arrears on these bills.

If you have no priority debts move on to step 4, otherwise fill out what's relevant to you on this form -

PRIORITY DEBT:	TOTAL AMOUNT IN ARREARS:	PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT: (to cover your arrears only)
Mortgage / rent arrears	£	£
Second mortgage or secured-loan arrears	£	£
Council tax arrears	£	£
Electricity arrears	£	£
Gas or other fuel arrears	£	£
Water charge arrears	£	£
TV licence arrears	£	£
Hire-purchase e.g. car arrears	£	£
Maintenance or child-support arrears	£	£
Magistrates' or sheriff court fine arrears	£	£
Other priority arrears Please state	£	£
Other priority arrears Please state	£	£
Other priority arrears Please state	£	£
TOTAL PRIORITY DEBT:	£	
TOTAL PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:		£

Now do this calculation to work out what you have left to put towards repaying your non-priority debts:

TOTAL SURPLUS:	£
	MINUS
TOTAL PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:	£
	=
AMOUNT LEFT FOR NON-PRIORITY DEBTS:	£



STEP 4 | ALL OTHER DEBTS

Fill out what's relevant to you on this form to work out your total unsecured debts. These are called 'Non-priority Debts' —

NON-PRIORITY DEBT:	CREDITOR NAME:	TOTAL DEBT AMOUNT:	MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:
Credit card		£	£
Overdraft		£	£
Store card, catalogue / mail order account		£	£
Unsecured loan		£	£
Payday loan		£	£
Benefit overpayment (for benefits no longer received)		£	£
Money borrowed from friends and family		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
Other non-priority debt		£	£
Other non-priority debt Please state		£	£
TOTAL NON-PRIORITY DEBT:		£	
TOTAL NON-PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM M	ONTHLY REPAYMENT AM	OUNT:	£



STEP 5 | FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Using the information you've gathered in steps 1 to 4, fill in the totals again here to clearly see your financial situation —

PERSONAL DETAILS:		
Name	Number of adults in	n household
Postcode	Dependant Children	n under 14 years
Date	Dependant Children aged 14 +	
	Number of Non Dep	pendants
	Number of vehicles in the household	
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE:		NOTES:
TOTAL MONTHLY INCOME:	£	
TOTAL MONTHLY ESSENTIAL BILLS AND LIVING COSTS:	£	
TOTAL SURPLUS:	£	
DEBTS:		NOTES:
TOTAL PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:	£	
AMOUNT LEFT FOR NON-PRIORITY DEBTS:	£	
TOTAL NON-PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:	£	

Now do this calculation to work out what you have left once you've paid all your monthly repayments

AMOUNT LEFT FOR NON-PRIORITY DEBTS:	£
	MINUS
TOTAL NON-PRIORITY DEBT MINIMUM MONTHLY REPAYMENT AMOUNT:	£
	=
AMOUNT LEFT OVER:	£

If you find that you have money left over each month, you could save this or increase your repayments to pay off your debts quicker.

If by completing your financial summary you realise that you have a minus amount each month, speak to PayPlan on 0800 009 4146 for the help and support you may need to take charge of your finances.



LET'S TALK

Call us free on **0800 009 4146**

(0800 numbers are now free from landlines and mobiles)

We're open 8am – 9pm weekdays and 9am – 3pm Saturdays Email our advisers, **advice@payplan.com**

payplan.com/police

Please contact us if you'd like this leaflet in Braille, large print or other languages.

