







Menopause Survey Hampshire Constabulary April 2019

Dr Fran Boag-Munroe **Author:**

Police Federation of England and Wales

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1. Introduction

The Menopause Survey 2018 was the first of its kind to examine the experiences and awareness of the menopause amongst police officers and police staff at a national level in England and Wales. In particular, it looked at the experiences of individuals who have either gone through or are going through the menopause and the experiences, as well as awareness of managers and supervisors in terms of supporting individuals who are going through the menopause.

This report provides an overview of some of the key findings from the survey for Hampshire Constabulary.

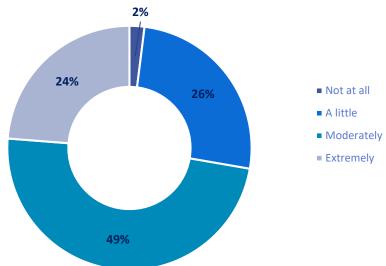
2. Participants and procedure

Overall 488 responses were received from respondents in Hampshire Constabulary. 46% of responses were from police officers and 52% were from police staff. 305 respondents completed questions about their experiences of the menopause at work. 165 respondents answered questions relevant to line managers and supervisors (there was an overlap of 78 respondents who completed both sets of questions. A further 96 responses were received from other respondents within Hampshire Constabulary (i.e. respondents without personal experience of the menopause or managerial responsibilities. Due to the smaller number of respondents within this latter group, these responses have not been reported below, however they have been included within the national statistics.

3. Experience of the menopause at work

73% of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary said that symptoms of the menopause were either moderately or extremely problematic. This is lower than the national average, where 76% of respondents reported that symptoms of the menopause were moderately or extremely problematic.





Respondents were asked about the aspects of their working environment that made coping with symptoms of the menopause moderately or extremely difficult. The proportion of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary who reported that these aspects of their working environment made coping moderately or extremely difficult are presented in Table 1 below, along with the corresponding proportions for the country as a whole.

Table 1: Aspects of the working environment (where applicable) that made coping with symptoms of the menopause moderately or extremely difficult

	Hampshire Constabulary	National Sample
Recalling detailed	42%	50%
information		
Having to work shifts	31%	33%
Having fixed working hours	14%	20%
The temperature of your	64%	61%
working environment		
Inadequate opportunity to	60%	57%
control ventilation in your		
working environment		
Inadequate access to toilet	13%	16%
facilities		
Shared offices/workspaces	24%	27%
The physical demands of	22%	26%
the job		
The design of uniforms	17%	23%
The pressure of tight	24%	32%
deadlines		
Your workload	34%	38%
Not being office-based	8%	9%
Having to make difficult	22%	26%
decisions within your job		
Having to attend formal	17%	18%
meetings		
Having to maintain your	14%	18%
position for long periods		
without relief		

4. Experiences of working during the menopause

38% of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary said that they felt that their job performance had been negatively affected by the menopause. This is lower than the national sample, where 46% felt that their job performance had been negatively affected by the menopause.

16% of respondents felt that the menopause had negatively affected their manager's and colleagues' views on their competence at work. Within the national sample, 21% of respondents who had either gone through or were going through the menopause felt this way.

17% of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary said that they had considered leaving because they have found it difficult to deal with the menopause at work. This is lower than the national average, where 20% of respondents said that they had considered leaving as a result of the menopause.

16% **17%** 38% 14% 37% 33% 69% 47% 29% I feel that my job performance has I feel that the menopause has I have considered leaving because I been negatively affected by the negatively affected my manager's have found it difficult to deal with menopause and colleagues' view of my the menopause at work competence at work ■ Disagree ■ Neither agree nor disagree Agree

Chart 2: Experiences of work as a result of the menopause

5. Disclosure and absence due to the menopause

45% of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary said that they had disclosed to their line manager that they were experiencing symptoms of the menopause. 52% said that they had not disclosed to their line manager (the remainder did not feel this was applicable to them). Respondents in Hampshire Constabulary were less likely to have told their line manager that they were experiencing symptoms of the menopause compared to the national sample, where 47% had disclosed to their line manager.

19% of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary said that they had taken sickness absence because they were experiencing symptoms of the menopause. In addition, 54% said that they had attended work despite feeling that they should have really taken sick leave because of their symptoms (i.e. menopause-related "presenteeism") and 26% said that they had taken annual leave or rest days to take time off because they were experiencing symptoms of the menopause (i.e. menopause-related leaveism).

Comparison of the proportions of respondents in Hampshire Constabulary reporting menopause-related sickness absence, presenteeism and leaveism compared to the national average are presented in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Menopause-related sickness absence, presenteeism and leaveism

	Hampshire Constabulary	National Sample
Menopause-related sickness absence	19%	18%
Menopause-related presenteeism	54%	62%
Menopause-related leaveism	26%	35%

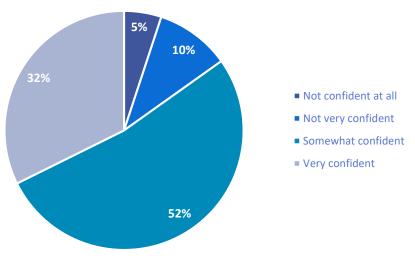
Experiences and awareness of managers

57% of managers in Hampshire Constabulary who responded to the survey felt that they had a good level of awareness of the menopause. In contrast 18% did not feel that they had a good level of awareness¹. The proportion of managers in Hampshire Constabulary is lower than the national average, where 65% of managers said that they had a good level of awareness of the menopause.

32% of managers in Hampshire Constabulary said that they would be very confident in their ability to support someone they line managed who was going through the menopause. This compares to 15% who said that they would either be not at all or not very confident that they would be able to support someone.

Nationally, 34% of respondents felt very confident in their ability to support someone who was going through the menopause, whereas 15% said that they would either be not at all or not very confident.

Chart 3: How confident would you be in your ability to support someone you line manage who was going through the menopause?



¹ As noted in the report of national statistics R004/2019 differences in awareness do exist between managers with and without personal experience of the menopause. However due to smaller sample sizes for force-level analysis these differences are not presented within this report.